

FORM PTO-1390 (REV. 11-2000)		U S DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		648.40365X00 filed August 2, 2001 U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.5) <b>097890580</b>	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED
PCT/JP00/00649	07 February 2000 (7.02.00)		12 February 1999 (12.02.99)
TITLE OF INVENTION LAMINATED MATERIAL AND METHOD OF BENDING LAMINATED MATERIAL			
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US OKADA, Norihisa and YOSHIZAKI, Kiyoshi			
<p>Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>FIRST</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>SECOND or SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>3. <input type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.</li> <li>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).</li> <li>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto.</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</li> <li>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</li> </ul> </li> <li>8. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</li> <li>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).</li> <li>10. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).</li> </ol> <p>Items 11 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</li> <li>12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</li> <li>13. <input type="checkbox"/> A <b>FIRST</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A <b>SECOND or SUBSEQUENT</b> preliminary amendment.</li> <li>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</li> <li>16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</li> <li>17. <input type="checkbox"/> A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.</li> <li>18. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> <li>19. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> <li>20. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information:</li> </ol> <p>International Publication No. WO00/47409 Credit Card Payment Form Figs. 1-16</p>			

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known) <small>See 37 CFR 1.51</small> <b>09/890580</b>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/JP00/00649	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 648.40365X00
<p>21. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted:</p> <p><b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):</b></p> <p>Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a) (2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... \$1000.00</p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... \$860.00</p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... \$710.00</p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(l)-(4) ..... \$690.00</p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... \$100.00</p>		<b>CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY</b>	
<p><b>ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</b></p>		\$ 860.00	
<p>Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).</p>		\$ 0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total claims	26 -20 =	6	x \$18.00
Independent claims	8 -3 =	5	x \$80.00
<b>MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)</b>		+ \$270.00	\$ 0.00
<b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b>		\$ 1,368.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.		+ \$ 0.00	
<b>SUBTOTAL =</b>		\$ 1,368.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).		\$ 0.00	
<b>TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</b>		\$ 1,368.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +		\$ 40.00	
<b>TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</b>		\$ 1,408.00	
		<b>Amount to be refunded:</b>	\$
		<b>charged:</b>	\$
<p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$ <u>1,408.00</u> to cover the above fees is enclosed.</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>01-2135</u>. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fees are to be charged to a credit card. <b>WARNING:</b> Information on this form may become public. <b>Credit card information should not be included on this form.</b> Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.</p>			
<p><b>NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</b></p>			
<p>SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:</p> <p>William I. Solomon Antonelli, Terry, Stout &amp; Kraus, LLP 1300 North 17th Street Suite 1800 Arlington, VA 22209</p>			
<p> _____ <b>SIGNATURE</b></p> <p>_____ <b>William I. Solomon</b> NAME</p> <p>_____ <b>28,565</b> REGISTRATION NUMBER</p>			

16/PPTS

09/890580

JC05 Rec'd PCT/PTO 02 AUG 2001

## SPECIFICATION

### LAMINATED MATERIAL AND METHOD OF BENDING LAMINATED MATERIAL

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method of bending a laminated material.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

According to the prior art bending method, as disclosed in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 3-222715, in order to form a small bend radius, a honeycomb panel having a core material using aramid as base material is mounted on a curve forming member, where it is bent and fixed, then the bent portion is heated, cooled and finished.

Further, Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 9-295050 discloses a method for bending a panel, wherein the panel is sandwiched between a jig having a curved surface and a wing, thereby bending the panel. Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 9-201624 discloses sandwiching with a fixed roll and a moving roll a panel having one end fixed, then moving the moving roll to bend the panel.

Moreover, Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 57-205661 discloses a method for bending a laminated board, including adhering a heat insulator to a metal plate, forming a V-shaped cut to the heat insulator adhered to the bending portion, adhering a heat insulator to a second metal plate,

and bending said V-shaped portion.

Japanese Utility Model Publication No. 2-8567 discloses providing a V-shaped cut to a sandwich panel from one side of the surface plate, and then bending the same. Lastly, an L-shaped bonding member is fixed to the surface plate having the V-shaped cut.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The method disclosed in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 3-222715 requires the use of a core material having aramid as base material.

The object of the present invention is to provide a laminated material relatively large in thickness and having a curved surface with small radius.

The above object is achieved by the following:

while fixing to a base one end of a laminated material having a first surface plate and a second surface plate respectively fixed to both surfaces of a core material, moving the other end of said first surface plate toward the direction separating from said core material and bending the same into an arc shape;

applying an adhesive on either one of the contact surfaces between the first surface plate on said other end and the core material; and

moving and bending the other end of the core material and the second surface plate along the first surface plate being

bent.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state where a material panel is mounted to the bending device according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 5;

FIG. 7 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the state following FIG. 6;

FIG. 8 is a perspective view showing the whole structure of the bending device according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 9 is a right side view of FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is a left side view of FIG. 9;

FIG. 11 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the support portion of the bending base of FIG. 9;

FIG. 12 is a right side view of FIG. 11;

FIG. 13 is a vertical cross-sectional view of a vehicle equipped with the laminated material according to the present invention;

FIG. 14 is a vertical cross-sectional view showing the laminated material of FIG. 13;

FIG. 15 is a cross-sectional view showing the joint portion of the laminated material of FIG. 13; and

FIG. 16 is a plan view showing the core material of the laminated material.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A preferred embodiment of the present invention will now be explained with reference to FIGS. 1 through 16.

The laminated material with a curved surface according to the present embodiment is used for example as the interior member of a railway car. FIGS. 13 through 16 show the example of a laminated material 170 with a curved surface formed according to the present embodiment constituting the interior portion of a railway car, mounted above a window 163 of a car body 160 to the ceiling 162. The laminated material 170 with a curved surface comprises, from the lower side thereof, a linear portion 171, a curved portion 172, a linear portion 173, and a linear portion 174. The material is bent approximately 90 degrees between the linear portion 173 and the linear portion 174. The upper and lower ends of the laminated material 170 are equipped with brackets 176, 177, which are fixed to the

car body 160 with screw. The brackets 176, 176 are each fixed to the end portion of the laminated material 170 with a rivet and the like. Reference number 166 is the interior member on the ceiling.

Plural number of laminated materials 170 are mounted along the longitudinal direction of the car body 160. A black sponge-like cushioning pad 168 is arranged at the joint between a laminated material 170 and another laminated material 170. The cushioning pad is arranged in the space defined by surface plates 181, 182 and core materials 183.

The laminated material 170 comprises two surface plates 181 and 182, a core material 183 adhered to the two surface plates, a foam material 184 filled inside the cells of the core material 183, and an interior member 185 adhered to the surface plate 181 facing the interior of the car body (hereinafter called the inner-side surface plate).

The core material 183 is made of paper, and is formed by laminating a ribbon bent in arc-like shapes from a single line. In FIG. 16, the areas shown by  $\bigcirc$  are connected using adhesives. The areas shown by  $\triangle$  are not adhered together. A foam material 184 is filled inside the cells. The direction of bend of the laminated material 170 as explained in the following is the left and right directions in FIG. 16.

The interior member 185 is a face sheet made of vinyl chloride, and is adhered to the surface plate 181. The interior member 185 can be made using materials such as paper, cloth,

or resin. The surface plates 181 and 182 are plates made of aluminum alloy and the like. The bracket 186 is mounted to the member after the bending process.

The steps for manufacturing the laminated material 170 will now be explained, wherein the material (raw material) is laminated at first.

First, a foaming resin material or an elastic foaming resin material and the like is injected to the cells of the core material 183, and it is formed therein.

Next, the core material 183 (in which the resin is foamed) is mounted via an adhesive on the surface plate 182, and then, the surface plate 181 having adhesive applied to one end thereof is superposed to the core material 183, thereby adhering the three members together. The adhesive is applied to the whole surface of the surface plate 182. The area to which the adhesive is applied on the surface plate 181 is limited to the range of the linear portions 73 and 74. The area of the surface plate 181 corresponding to the curved portion 172 and the linear portion 171 is not adhered to the core material 183. The interior member 185 is adhered to the surface plate 181.

The size of the surface plates 181, 182 and the core material 183 is explained. For example, the bend radius of the inner-side surface plate of the curved portion 172 is 150 mm, the bend angle is approximately 80 degrees, and the thickness of the core material 183 is 39 mm. The size (width  $\times$  length) of the core material 183 before the bending process

is 1.2 m × 2.95 m, the size (width × length) of the surface plate 182 before the bending process is 1.2 m × 3.0 m, and the size (width × length) of the surface plate 181 before the bending process is 1.15 m × 3.0 m. The widths mentioned above refer to the direction that the laminated material 170 is bent. The length of the surface plate 181 in the direction of bend is shorter than the length of the surface plate 182 or the core member 183. The surface plates 181 and 182 are made of aluminum alloy, and the thickness of the plates is 0.5 mm.

The end of the surface plates 181 and 182 at the side of the linear portion 174 and the end surface of the core material 183 are substantially at the same position. The end of the surface plate 182 at the other end (at the side of the linear portion 171) and the end surface of the core material are substantially at the same position. The end of the surface plate 181 at this other end is receded from the end of the core material 183. When bending is performed as explained in the following, said other end of the surface plate 181 reaches substantially the same position as the ends of the core member 183 and the surface plate 182. In other words, the position of the end of the surface plate 181 is set back from the end surface of the surface plate 182 considering the apparent length that the core material will shrink by the bending process. Moreover, if there is a need to protrude said other end of the surface plate 181 from the end of the core material 183, the length of the surface plate 181 is set accordingly.

The width of the surface plates 181 and 182 are greater than the width of the core material 183. The core material 183 is positioned at the center of surface plates 181 and 182.

Now, the bending method will be explained with reference to FIG. 1 through FIG. 7. In FIG. 1, the laminated material 170 is mounted on the bending device with the interior member 185 (as for the surface plate, the surface plate 181) facing downward. The laminated material 170 is placed on a base 21 of a bending jig 20, a fixing base 30, and a base 40 for flexion bending. At this time, the upper surfaces of each of the bases 21, 30 and 40 are positioned in a horizontally linear state. The base 21 supports the end portion (the mounting side of bracket 186) of the linear portion 171 of the laminated material 170. The bases 30 and 40 support the linear portions 173 and 174.

Each base 21, 22, 30 and 40 has a vacuum suction pad placed on the surface to which the laminated material 170 contacts, and they are positioned with predetermined intervals along the width direction of the laminated material 170.

Next, a bending device 50 is lowered, then a bending roller 52 and a pressing roller 53 is lowered, pressing the material with such a force so as not to crush the core material 183. The lengths of the rollers 52 and 53 exceed the width of the surface plate 182.

Next, after positioning the laminated material 170 to the predetermined position, the suction pad of the base 21 sucks

the interior member 185 downward.

Then, as shown in FIG. 2, the bending jig 20 is rotated with the rotation center set to the center of the bend shape, winding the interior plate 185 (the surface plate 181) around the bending jig 20. The bending jig 20 is rotated until the base 22 of the jig 20 moves upward and contacts the interior plate 185. Thereby, the base 22 contacts the linear portion 173 of the laminated material 170. The base 22 is positioned on the same plane as the bases 30 and 40.

At this state, the pressing roller 53 and the bending roller 52 contact the laminated material 170, preventing the core material 173 and the surface plate 181 from dropping to the right side.

After fixing the interior plate 185 to the bending jig 20, the bending jig 20 is rotated so as to wind (bend) the interior plate 185 (including the surface plate 185) around the jig, so along with the rotation of the jig 20, the laminated material 170 is moved toward the direction of rotation (rightward in FIG. 2). In order to facilitate the movement, the bases 30 and 40 should preferably be equipped with rollers to support the laminated material 170.

Next, the suction pad mounted to the base 22 sucks the interior plate 185 downward. Moreover, the suction pad mounted to bases 30 and 40 suck the interior plate 185 downward.

Since the bases 22, 30 and 40 pull the interior plate 185 (laminated material 170) downward, the laminated material 170

will not be displaced in the rightward direction.

When the base 22 sucks the interior plate 185, the bases 30 and 40 are placed on the linear portions 173 and 174, respectively. The area between the bases 30 and 40 is the bend portion of the laminated material 170.

The curved surface 23 of the bending jig 20 between the base 21 and base 22 to which the interior plate 185 contacts has the same radius as the radius of the curved surface portion 172 of the laminated material 170. The curved surface 23 is continuously formed along the width direction of the laminated material 170.

Next, as shown in FIG. 3, an adhesive is applied to the surface of the plate 181 facing the core material 183 through a nozzle 61 of an application device. This is performed by directing a nozzle 161 toward the surface plate 181, and moving the same from one end of the laminated material 170 toward the other end thereof.

Thereafter, as shown in FIG. 4, the bending roller 52 and the pressing roller 53 are rotated so that the center of rotation is set to the rotation center of the bending jig 20. The amount of rotation of the rollers 52 and 53 are equal to the amount of rotation of the bending jig 20, or in other words, the angle of the curved portion 172. Thereby, the core material 183 (the surface plate 182) is wound around the surface plate 181, and the core material 183 is adhered to the surface plate 181.

The pressing roller 53 prevents the member (core material 183, surface plate 182) wound around the surface plate 181 by the bending roller 52 from separating from the plate 181 or the bending jig 20. A cylinder device 54 or a spring elastically supports the pressing roller 53. Therefore, even when rotated as shown in FIG. 4, the pressing roller 53 always contacts the surface plate 182. Further, the rotary axis of the bending roller 52 is positioned along the vertical line passing the rotary axis of the bending jig 20. The pressing roller 53 is placed leftward therefrom.

When the bending roller 52 rotates until the termination point of the curved surface 172, a pressing pad 55 at the front end thereof is protruded so as to press the surface plate 182 (the core material 183) of the linear portion 171 against the bending jig 20. The laminated material 170 of the linear portion 171 is pressed against the base 21. The material is maintained at this state until the adhesive is completely cured.

The bending roller 52, the pressing roller 53 and the pressing pad 55 is mounted to a single rotation device. The length of the pressing pad 55 exceeds the width of the laminated material 170. The pressing pad 55 is protruded by the cylinder device 56.

According to the embodiment, the core material 183 together with the surface plate 182 is wound around the surface plate 181, so the core material 183 and the foam 184 inside the cells close to the surface plate 181 are compressed into

the circumference direction, and collapsed or crushed. This absorbs the inner and outer circumferential differences created during the bending process.

Since the core material 183 is not collapsed in the thickness direction, the strength of the material is not deteriorated. Furthermore, no gap or offset is generated between the surface plate 181 and the core material 183.

According to experiment, if the material of the surface plates 181 and 182 and the core material 183 are as mentioned, and when the cell size is 14 mm and the thickness of the core material 183 is 39 mm, the material can be bent to have an inner bend radius close to the thickness of the core material, without deteriorating the quality of the material, such as the buckling of the core material 183 or the breakage of the core material around the surface plate 182. This process enables to create a small radius bend. Therefore, the present embodiment enables to bend the laminated material 170 to have a relatively small bend radius.

Next, as shown in FIG. 5, a V-shaped cut is provided to the laminated material 170 using a circular saw 71 of a cutting device 70. The position to which the V-cut is provided is the flexion-bend position. The circular saw 71 cuts the surface plate 182 and the core material 183, leaving the surface plate 181. The circular saw 71 is tilted against the laminated material 170. After cutting one side of the V-shape, the circular saw 71 is rotated to cut the other side of the V. The

cutting device moves along the line of bend.

The cutting process can be performed after holding the laminated material 170 with the pressing pad 55.

Then, the portion cut off by the V-shape cut is removed manually from above. Or, the portion is sucked from above by a suction pad and removed therefrom. Or, the portion is pushed and removed from one end in the width direction of the laminated material 170 by a pusher.

Next, as shown in FIG. 6, adhesive is applied through an application device 80 to the space formed by the V-cut. The application device 80 moves from one end in the width direction of the laminated material 170 to the other end, applying the adhesive.

Then, as shown in FIG. 7, a bending base 40 rotates for a predetermined angle centering around the vertex of the V-cut portion, thereby bending the laminated material 170. This state is maintained until the adhesive cures completely.

Thereafter, the suction performed by bases 21, 22, 30 and 40 is released. Then, the base 40 is returned to the parallel state. The bend device 50 is removed from the laminated material 170.

Next, the bent laminated material 170 is removed from the bending device.

Lastly, the bend device 50 is rotated to the original position.

Then, brackets 176 and 177 are mounted on the laminated

material 170.

According to the above bending method, the interior material 185 can be adhered to the laminated material after the bending process. If there is a need to fold the end of the surface plate 181 toward the core material 183, the end portion should be folded before the surface plate 181 is adhered to the core material 183.

According further to the embodiment, the non-bending areas of the two surface plates and the core material are adhered together before the bending process, but it can be adhered later. For example, the adhesive can be applied after bending the inner surface plate, and then one end of the core material having the outer surface plate adhered thereto can be superposed to the inner surface plate, then the other end thereof can be bent.

When melamine resin is used as the interior member 185, a crack can be formed to the bent portion when the base 40 performs the bending process. In such case, after bending the member, a bent plate is adhered to the surface plates 181 and 182.

Other types of core material can be utilized as the core.

Next, the bending device used in the bending process will be explained with reference to FIGS. 8 through 12. FIG. 9 does not show the application device 60b.

In FIG. 8, references 22a, 30a and 40a are suction pads.

An axis 20c is parallel to the axis 20b of the bending jig 20. The axis 20c is directly below the axis 20b. Axes 20b and

20c are connected at predetermined intervals along the axial direction by connecting members 20d. The connecting members 20d can rotate against the axes 20b and 20c. The axis 20b supports the bases 21 and 22 near the connecting members 20d. A bed 20x is placed under the axis 20c. The lower surface of the connecting members 20d are mounted on the bed 20 through seats 20y. Thereby, the bases 21 and 22 are prevented from being bent downward.

The upper surfaces of the connecting members 20d are closer to the axis 20b than the base 21. Therefore, the surface of bases 21 and 22 are formed smoothly.

Four bases 20f, 20g, 20h and 20j support the ends of axes 20b and 20c. A driving device 20e for rotating the axis 20b is mounted on the base 20f. The driving device 20e does not rotate the axis 20c. The driving device 20e comprises a motor.

The bending roller 52, the pressing roller 53 and the pressing pad 55 of the bend device 50 are hung from a crossbeam 50b. The crossbeam 50b is hung from a crossbeam 50d via an elevating device 50c. The left and right ends of the beam 50d are supported by both ends of axis 20b through arms 50e, 50e.

The left and right ends of the crossbeam 50b contact guide rails mounted to the inner sides of arms 50e, 50e. Thereby, even if the beams 50b and 50d rotate, the position of the bending roller 52 and the like is set to position at a predetermined distance from the axis 20b.

The arm 50e is supported rotatably by the axis 20b. A

driving device 50g for rotating the arm 50e is mounted to the base 20j on the other end of the axis 20b. The driving device 50g includes a motor. The output of the driving device 50g is transmitted through gears 50h, 50j, axis 20c, gears 50k and 50m to the right side arm 50e. The gears 50j and 50k are fixed to the axis 20c. Thereby, the axis 20c is rotated. Further, the gear 50n mounted to the left side of the axis 20c rotates the gear 50p at the left end of the axis 20b. Thereby, the arm 50e on the left end is also rotated. The gear 50n is fixed to the axis 20c.

Two legs on the left and right sides are positioned near the axis 20b of the left side of the arm 50e. The gear 50p is fixed to the leg next to it (hereinafter called the one leg). The gear 50p is rotatably supported by the axis 20b. The leg on the side of the driving device 20e (hereinafter called the other leg) is rotatably supported by the axis 20b. Thereby, the arm 50e rotates against the axis 20b along with the rotation of the gear 50p.

The right side arm 50e has two legs on the left and right sides near the axis 20b. The other leg on the arm 50e on the side of the gear 50h is rotatably supported by the axis 20b. The gear 50h is rotatably supported at the end portion of the axis 20b. The gear 50h is connected to the output shaft of the driving device 50g. The end of axis 20b is supported by the base 20j through gear 50h, the output shaft of the driving device 50g, and the body of the driving device 50g. The gear

50h is not fixed to said one leg.

The leg on the side of the gear 50m (hereinafter called the leg on the other side) is fixed to the gear 50m. The gear 50m is rotatably supported by the axis 20b. Thereby, the rotation of the gear 50h rotates the arm 50e against the axis 20b via the gear 50j, 50k, and 50m.

Thereby, the left and right arms 50e, 50e rotate in synchronism. Further, when the driving device 50g stops the rotation, the arms 50e maintain their state.

The bending roller 52 is divided into plural areas along the longitudinal direction of the crossbeam 50b. It is hung from the crossbeam 50b at the divided areas.

The pressing roller 53 is divided into plural areas along the longitudinal direction of the crossbeam 50b. It is hung from the beam 50b at the divided areas via a cylinder device 54. The tip of the rod on the cylinder device 54 supports the axis of the roller 53.

The pressing pad 55 is hung from the beam 50b through the cylinder device 56 at plural areas along the longitudinal direction of the beam 50b.

The application device 60b is mounted on a rail 60d of the base 20x. The application device 60b moves from one end in the width direction of the bending jig 20 toward the other end thereof.

The cutting device 70 and the application device 80 are mounted above a frame 70b. The frame 70b moves from one end

of the bending jig 20 in the width direction toward the other end thereof along a rail 70x on a frame 40d. The rail 70x supports the frame 70b so that it will not fall down.

The application device 60b and the frame 70b can be receded so as not to bump into the width-direction end of the laminated material 170.

Semicircular flanges 40b are mounted to the left and right ends of the bending base 40. Each flange 40b is supported by the base 40f mounted to the base 20x. The base 40f is equipped with plural rollers 40g, 40h. The roller 40g supports the lower surface of the flange 40b. The roller 40h contacts the upper surface of a guide rail 40c of the flange 40b. Further, the base 40 positioned between the left and right flanges 40b, 40b is equipped with flanges protruding downward in predetermined intervals. The lower surface of these flanges are supported by a roller mounted to the base 40f. This enables the flange 40b and the base 40 to rotate around a single rotary center without falling from the base 40f.

A gear 40d is mounted to left and right flanges 40b. The gear 40d should be enough to cover the rotary angle of the base 40. A pinion gear 40j engaged to the gear 40d is equipped to the base 40f. The gear 40j is rotated by an axis 40k equipped to the base 40f. Reference 40m is a driving device that rotates the axis 40k.

The base 30 is mounted to the frame 40d.

When the bases 20f, 20g, 20h and 20i of the bending jig

20 is relatively moved against the frame 40d so as to vary the distance between the bases and the frame, a laminated material having a varied distance between the arc-shaped curved portion and the flexion bend portion can be manufactured. For example, the bases 20f, 20g, 20h and 20i can be moved along a rail. When the radius of the bending jig 20 differs, the height of the bases 20f, 20g, 20h and 20i can be varied.

The technical scope of the present invention is not limited to the terms used in the claims or in the summary of the present specification, but is extended to the range in which a person skilled in the art could easily substitute based on the present disclosures.

According to the present invention, the core material and the outer surface plate are bent after the inner surface plate is bent into an arc, so a laminated plate having a relatively small bend radius for its thickness is easily obtained.

We claim:

1. A method of bending a laminated material comprising:  
while fixing one end of a laminated material having a first  
surface plate and a second surface plate respectively fixed  
to both sides of a core material on a base, moving and bending  
the other end of said first surface plate toward the direction  
separating from said core material;

applying an adhesive to either one of the contact surfaces  
between said first surface plate and said core material at said  
other end; and

moving and bending said other end of said core material  
and said second surface plate along said first surface plate  
being bent, and adhering said core material to said second  
plate.

2. A method of bending a laminated material according to  
claim 1, wherein the application of said adhesive is performed  
by spraying said adhesive toward the area between said first  
surface plate and said core material.

3. A method of bending a laminated material according to  
claim 2, wherein the application of said adhesive is performed  
to said first surface plate.

4. A method of bending a laminated material according to  
claim 2, wherein the means for spraying said adhesive performs

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said spraying while moving from one end of said first surface plate in the width direction toward the other end thereof.

5. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 1, wherein the bending of said first surface plate is performed by sucking said other end by a base positioned at said other end, and moving said base on said other end.

6. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 1 including:

mounting said laminated material to a base or bases positioned along the horizontal direction; and

thereafter, fixing said one end of said laminated material.

7. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 6, wherein the bending of said first surface plate is performed by sucking said other end downward by the base positioned at said other end; and

moving said base on said other end downward.

8. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 1, wherein the bending of said first surface plate is performed by fixing said other end to an arc-shaped base; and

after fixing said one end to the base, rotating said base on said other end.

9. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 1, wherein the bending of said core material and said second surface plate is performed by moving a roller from said one end thereof toward the other end, and at the same time, moving said roller toward said first surface plate.

10. A method of bending a laminated material according to claim 9, wherein the fixing of said one end of said first surface plate to said base during the bending of said first surface plate is performed by pressing said laminated material onto said base by said roller.

11. A method of bending a laminated material comprising:

while fixing one end of a first surface plate, moving the other end of said first surface plate and bending it into an arc-shape;

applying an adhesive to either one of the contact surfaces between said first surface plate and said core material at said other end; and

while fixing the one end of the core material and a second surface plate adhered to said core material to the one end of said first surface plate, moving and bending the other end of said core material and said second surface plate along said first surface plate being bent, and adhering said core material to said second plate.

12. A method of bending a laminated material comprising:  
while fixing one end of a first surface plate, moving the  
other end of said first surface plate and bending it into an  
arc-shape; and

while fixing the one end of the core material and a second  
surface plate adhered to said core material to the one end of  
said first surface plate, moving and bending the other end of  
said core material and said second surface plate along said  
first surface plate being bent, and adhering said core material  
to said second plate.

13. A method of bending a laminated material comprising:  
while fixing one end of a first surface plate, moving the  
other end of said first surface plate and bending it into an  
arc-shape; and

while fixing the one end of the core material and a second  
surface plate adhered to said core material to the one end of  
said first surface plate, moving and bending the other end of  
said core material and said second surface plate along said  
first surface plate being bent, crushing the first-  
surface-plate side portion of said core material in the  
direction of the bend, and adhering said core material to said  
first surface plate.

14. A method of bending a laminated material comprising:

while fixing one end of a first surface plate, moving the other end of said first surface plate and bending it into an arc-shape; and

while fixing the one end of the core material and a second surface plate adhered to said core material to the one end of said first surface plate, moving and bending the other end of said core material and said second surface plate along said first surface plate being bent, crushing the first-surface-plate side portion of said core material and a foam member filling the cell of said core material in the direction of the bend, and adhering said core material to said first surface plate.

15. A laminated material comprising:

a core material, and two surface plates bonded to both outside surfaces thereof; wherein

said core material includes a plate positioned substantially orthogonal to said surface plates and bonding said two surface plates together;

at least a portion of said laminated material has an arc-shaped curve with one surface positioned inward; and

said core material at said arc-shaped area has the inward portion crushed in the direction of the arc.

16. A laminated material according to claim 15, wherein:

a foam material is filled to the plurality of cells of said

core material; and

the foam material filled in the cells positioned in the first-surface-plate side of the arc-shaped area is crushed.

17. A laminated material comprising:

a core material, and two surface plates bonded to both outside surfaces thereof; wherein

substantially the whole surface of one surface of said core material is adhered to one of said surface plates;

one end of the other surface of said core material is adhered to one end of the other of said surface plate; and

the other end of said other surface of said core material is not adhered to the other end of said other surface plate.

18. A laminated material according to claim 17, wherein the end portion of said other end of said other surface plate is positioned closer to said one end than the end portion of said other end of said core material.

19. A laminated material according to claim 17, wherein said core material includes a plate positioned substantially orthogonal to said surface plates and bonding said two surface plates together, with cells positioned parallel to said plate; and

said cells are filled with foam material.

20. A laminated material according to claim 17, wherein a face material is adhered to the surface of one of said surface plates.

21. A bending device of a laminated material comprising:  
a substantially horizontal first base for mounting a laminated material;  
a first suction pad mounted on the upper surface of said first base;

a second base for mounting a laminated material together with said first base equipped with an arc-shaped portion, wherein the arc-shaped portion faces upward when said second base is rotated while said laminated material is mounted thereto;

a second suction pad mounted on said second base to the position where said laminated material is to be mounted; and  
a roller capable of moving toward the second base and also capable of moving in the direction of rotation of said second base.

22. A bending device of a laminated material according to claim 21, wherein said second base is equipped with a third suction pad for sucking the lower surface of a substantially horizontal laminated material when said second base is rotated.

23. A bending device of a laminated material according

to claim 21, wherein a third base is further equipped on the other side of said second base centering said first base;

    said third base is equipped with a suction pad positioned on the upper surface thereof;

    said third base is capable of rotating upward; and

    a cutting position is set between said third base and said second base, with a cutting device positioned above said cutting area.

24. A bending device of a laminated material according to claim 22, wherein said second base is capable of moving relatively against said first base and said third base.

25. A bending device of a laminated material according to claim 24, wherein said relative movement of said second base is in the horizontal direction.

26. A bending device of a laminated material according to claim 24, wherein said relative movement of said second base is in the vertical direction.

Fig. 1

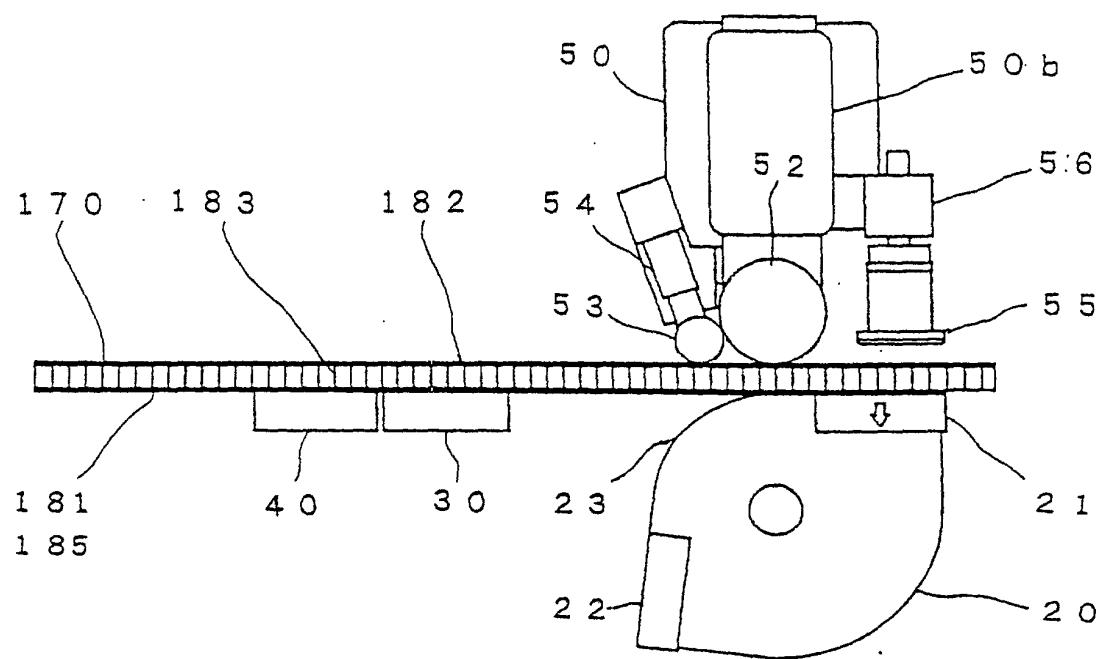


Fig. 2

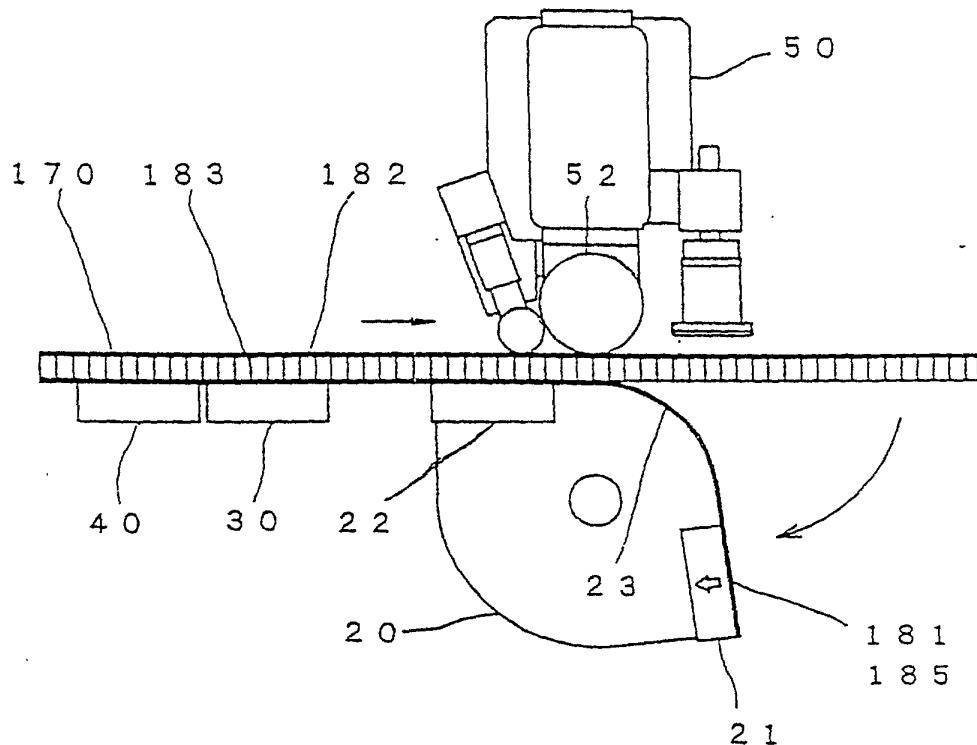


Fig. 3

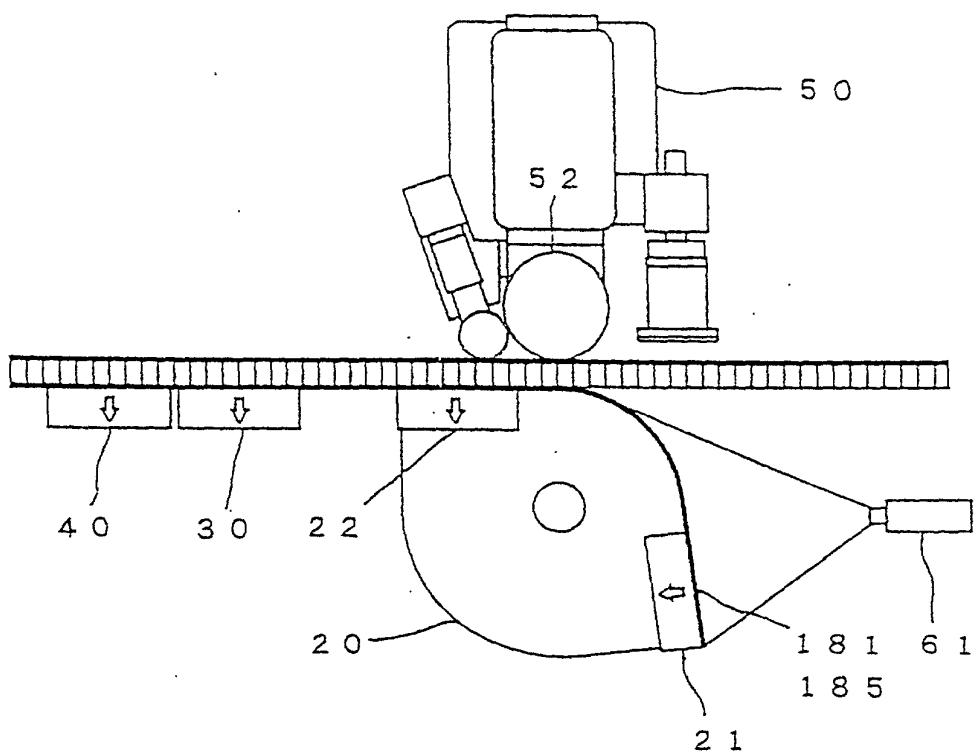


Fig. 4

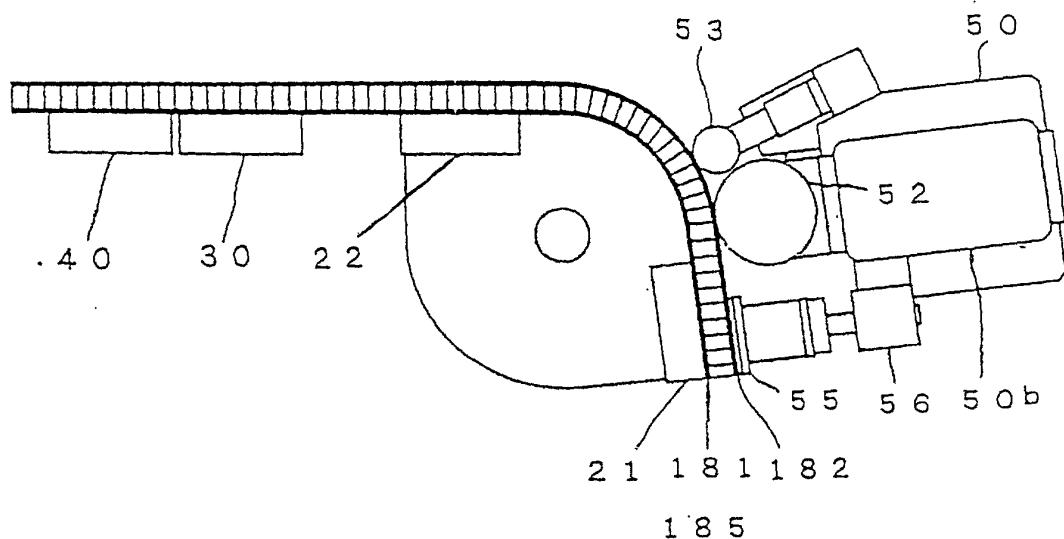


Fig. 5

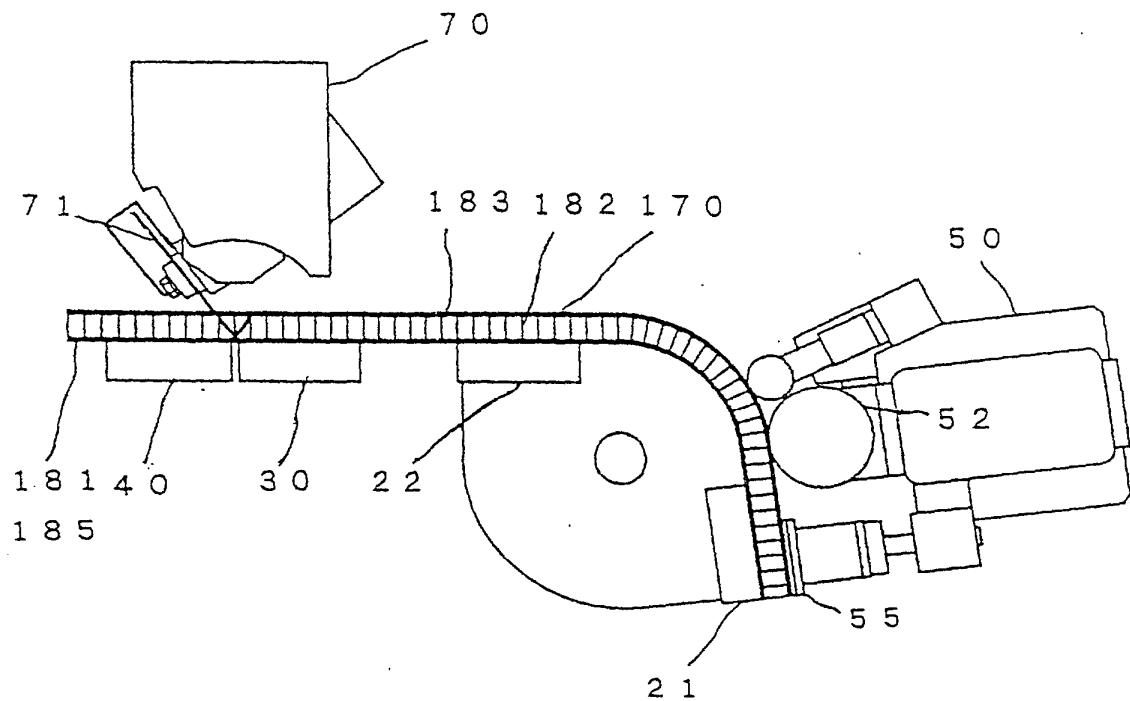


Fig. 6

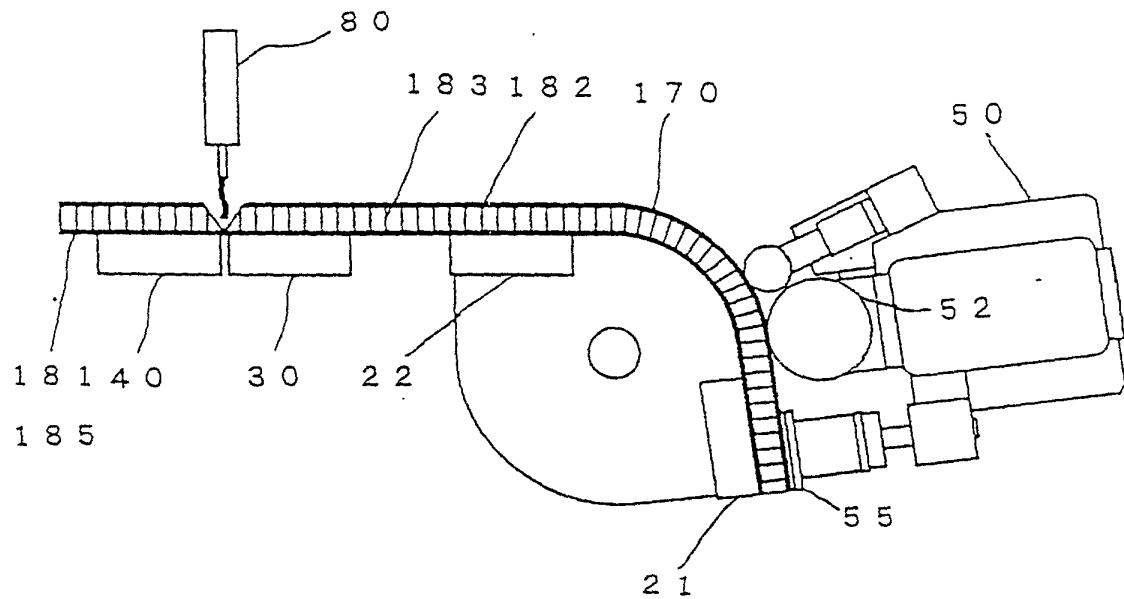


Fig. 7

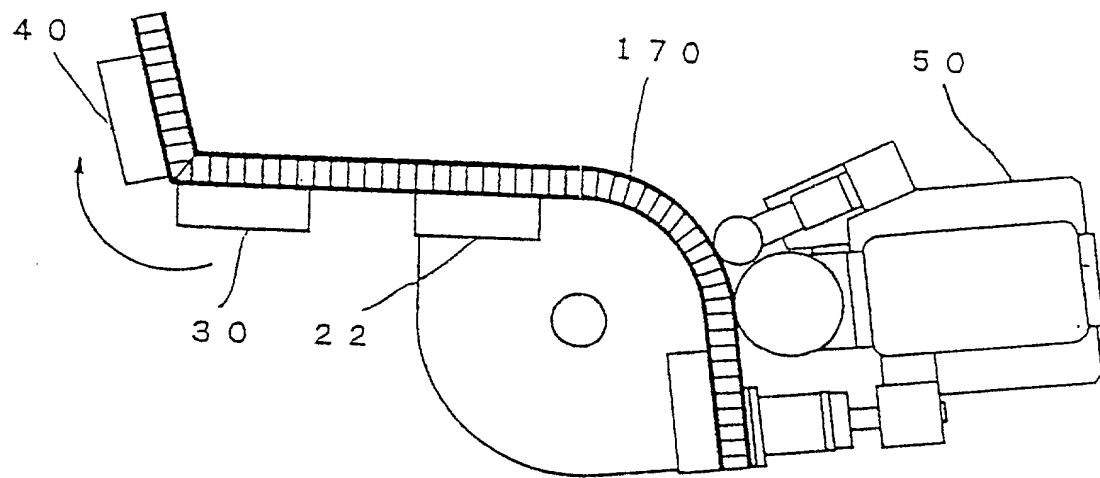


Fig. 8

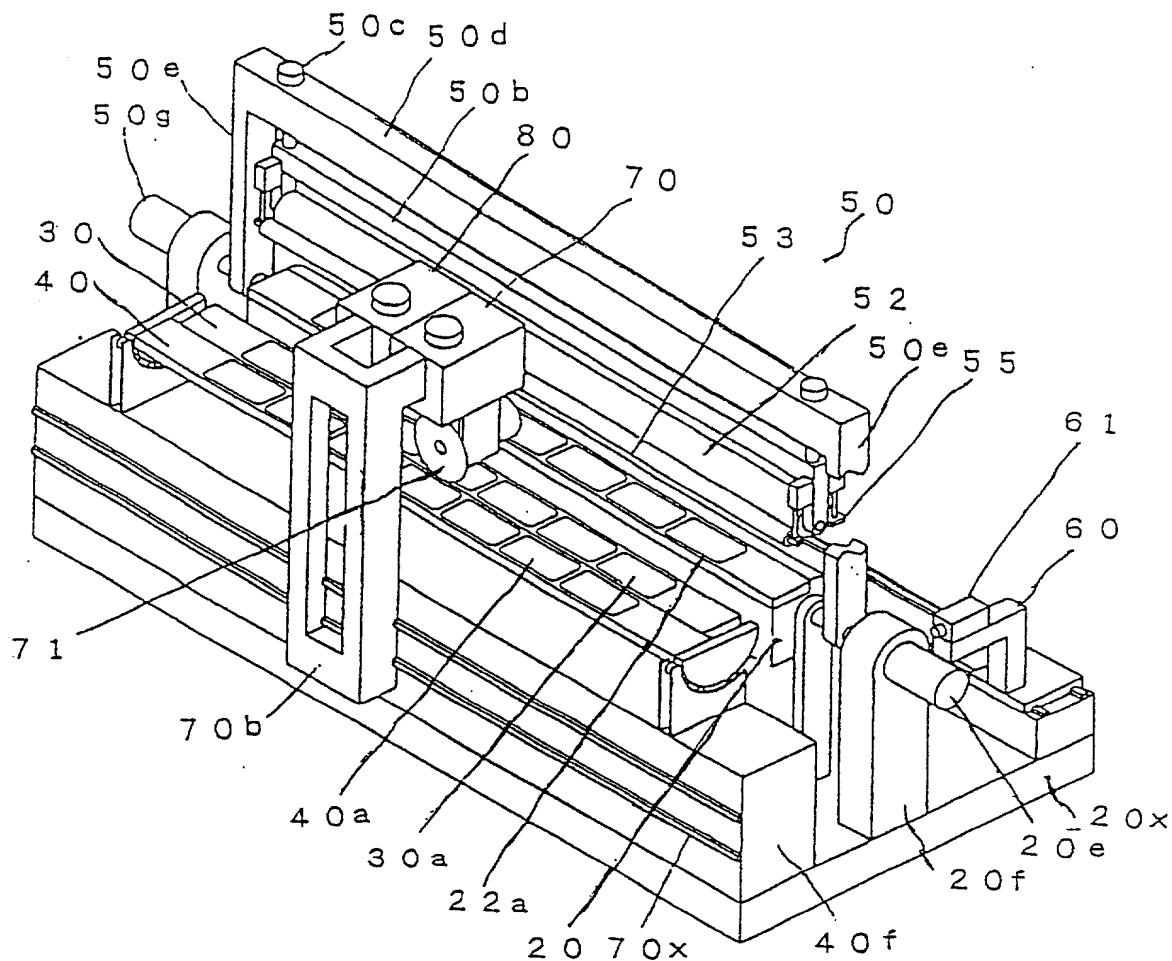


Fig. 9

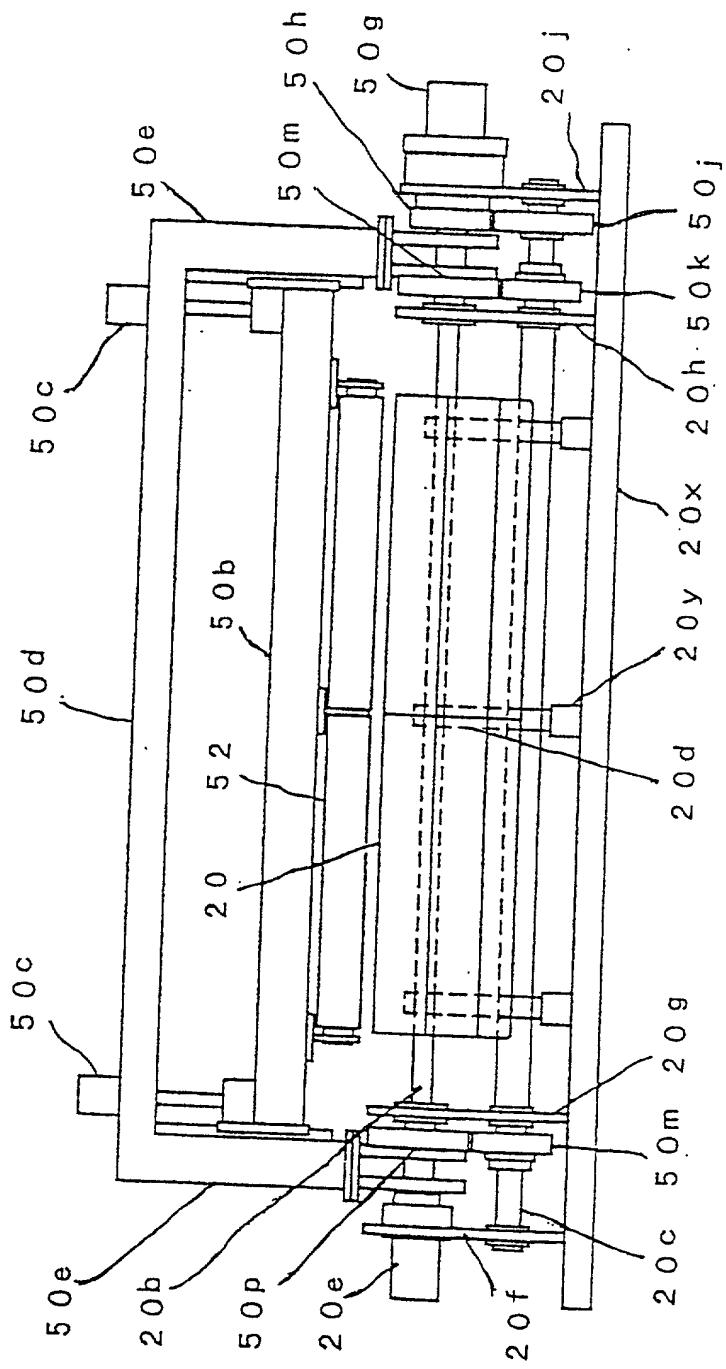


Fig. 10

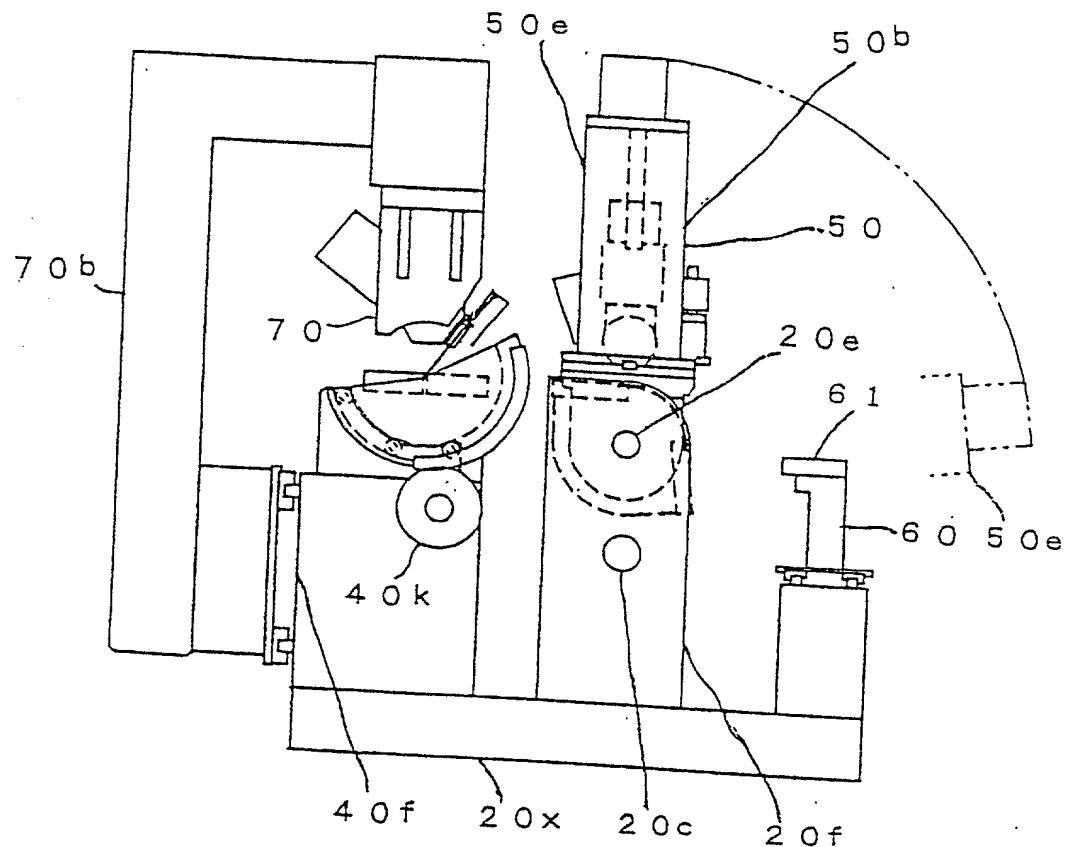


Fig. 11

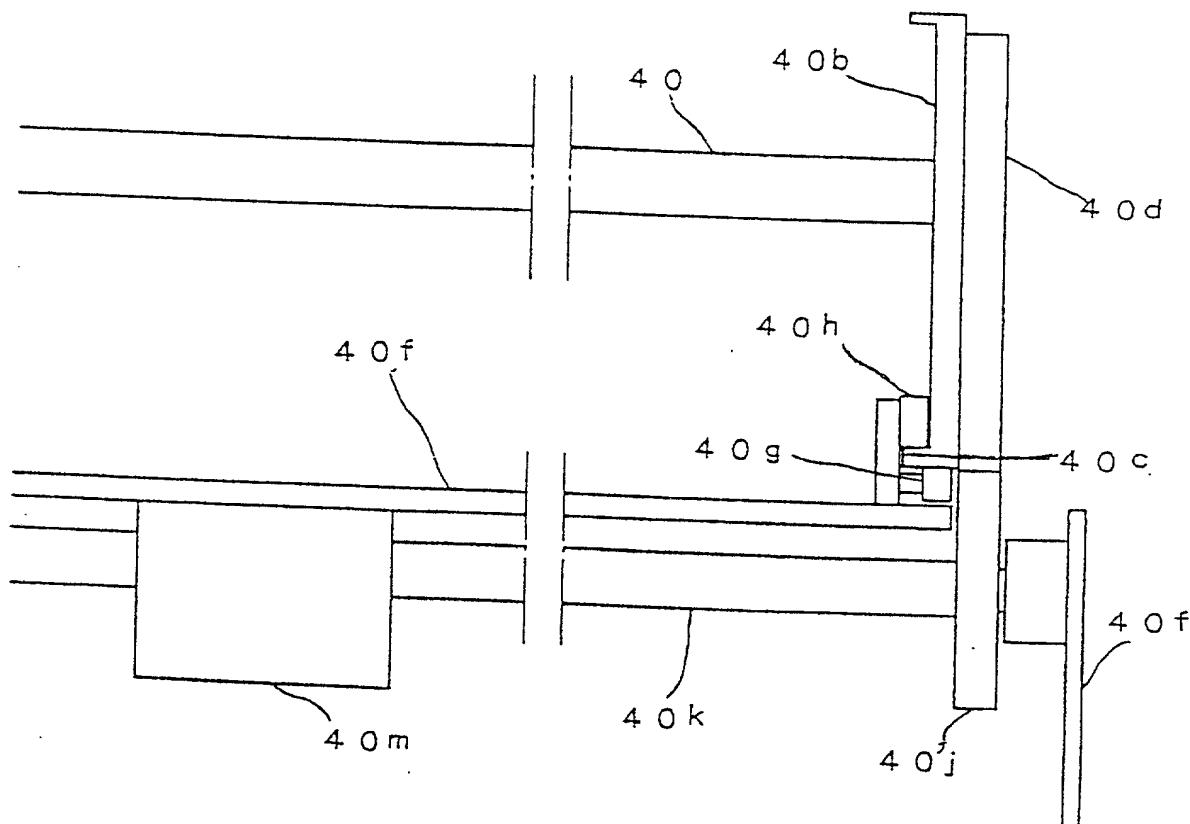


Fig. 12

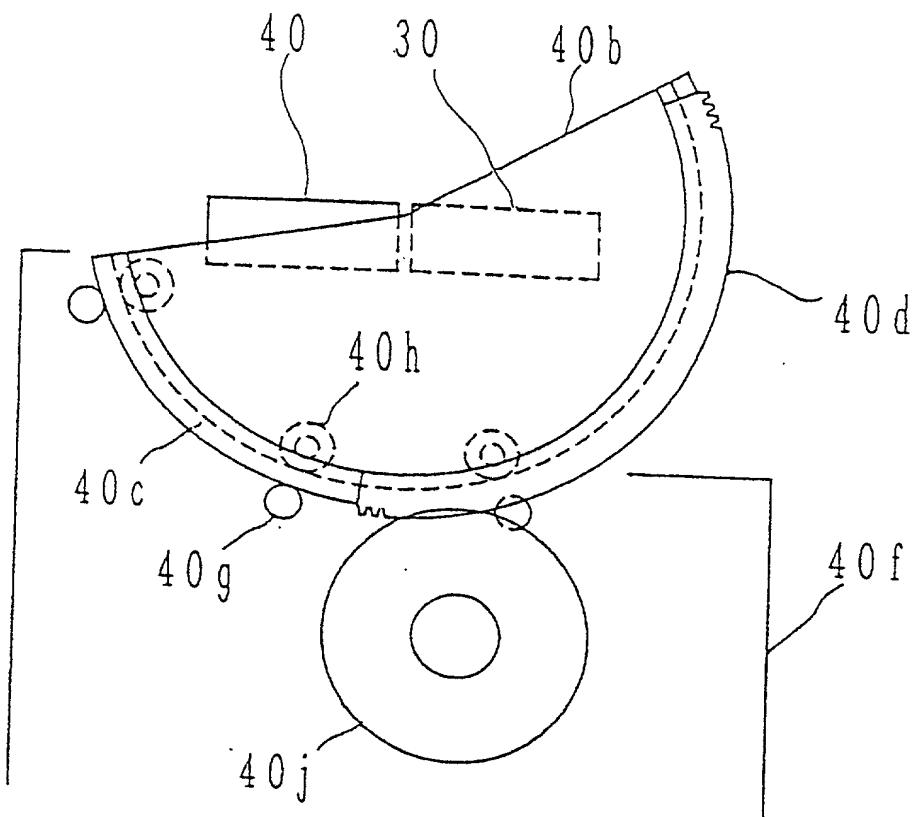


Fig. 13

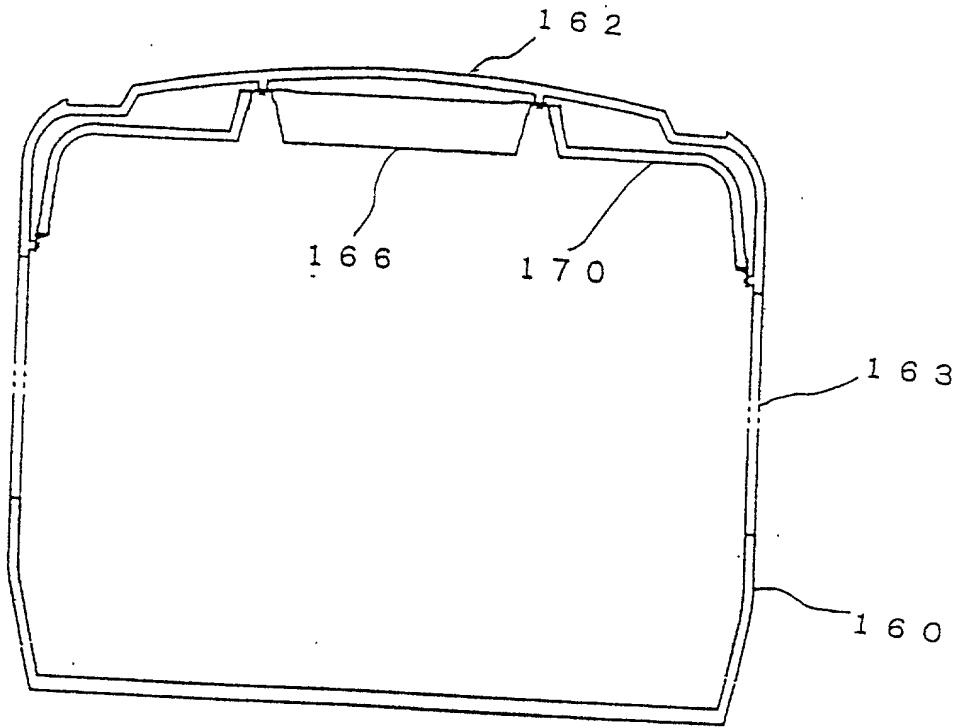
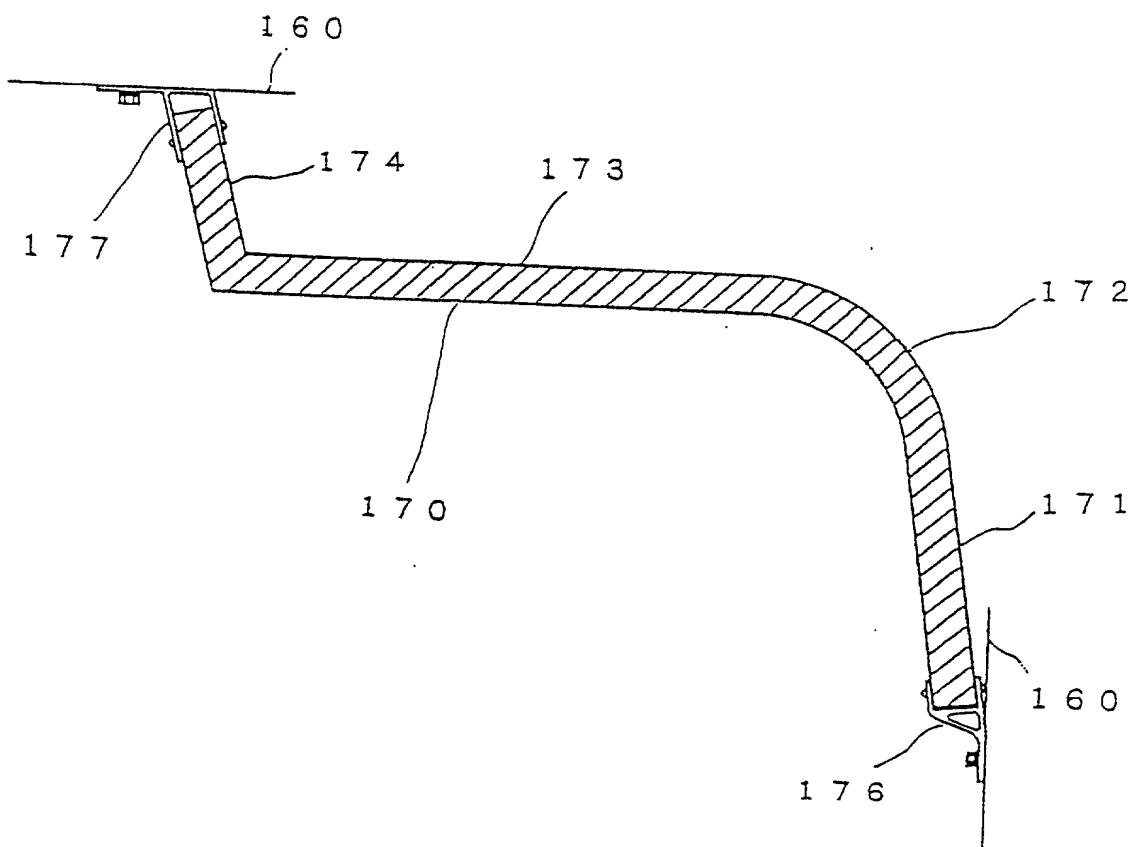


Fig. 14



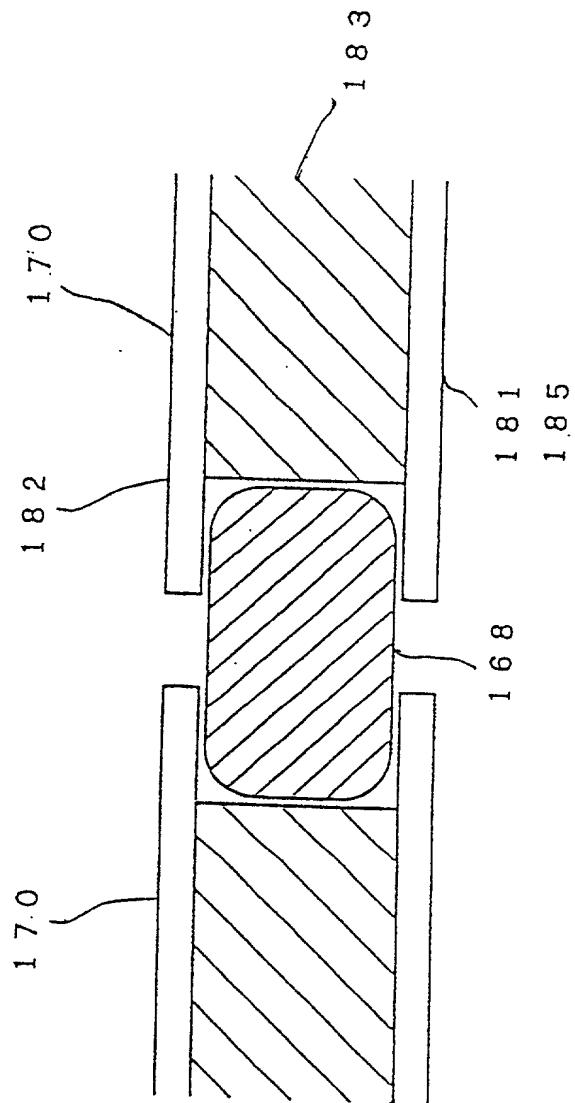
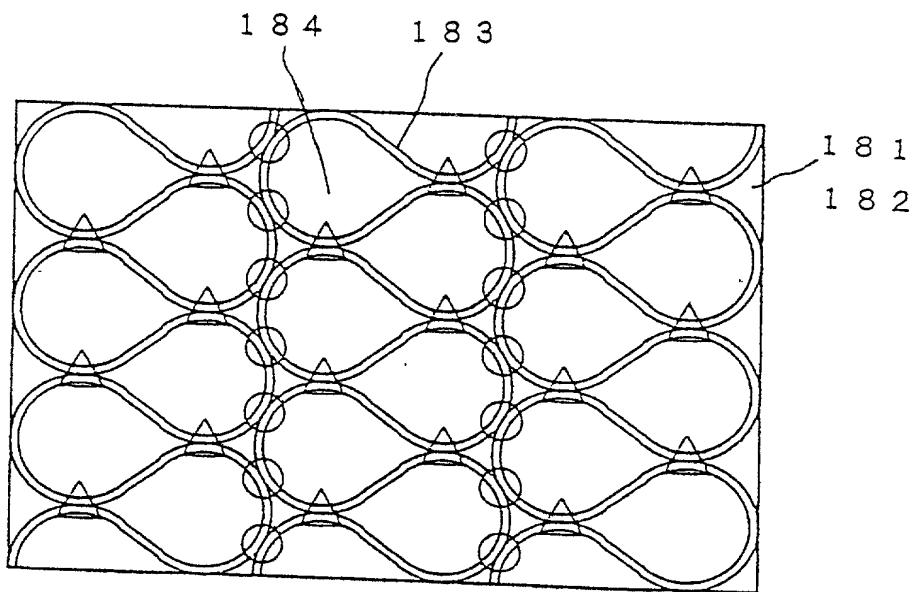


Fig. 15

Fig. 16



## Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## 特許出願宣言書及び委任状

## Japanese Language Declaration

## 日本語宣言書

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

下記の名称の発明について請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者（下記の氏名が一つの場合）もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると（下記の名称が複数の場合）信じています。

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

LAMINATED MATERIAL AND METHOD OF BENDING

LAMINATED MATERIAL

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄で×印がついていない場合は、本書に添付）は、

The specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

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I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

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私は、米国法典第35編119条(a)-(d)項又は365条(b)項に基き下記の、米国以外の国の少なくとも一ヵ国を指定している特許協力条約365(a)項に基く国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している、本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示している。

### Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願

H11-033768	Japan	12/February/1999	Priority Not Claimed 優先権主張なし
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>
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(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
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(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
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(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況:特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)
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(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
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(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況:特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own

I hereby claim foreign priority under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 (a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Priority Not Claimed  
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knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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委任状： 私は下記の発明者として、本出願に関する一切の手続きを米特許商標局に対して遂行する弁理士または代理人として、下記の者を指名いたします。（弁護士、または代理人の氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと）

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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第三共同発明者	日付	Third inventor's signature	Date
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国籍	Citizenship		
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第四共同発明者	Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any		
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第五共同発明者	Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any		
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第六共同発明者		Full name of sixth joint inventor, if any	
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住所	Residence		
国籍	Citizenship		
私書箱	Post Office Address		
第七共同発明者		Full name of seventh joint inventor, if any	
第七共同発明者の署名	日付	Seventh inventor's signature	Date
住所	Residence		
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私書箱	Post Office Address		
第八共同発明者		Full name of eighth joint inventor, if any	
第八共同発明者の署名	日付	Eighth inventor's signature	Date
住所	Residence		
国籍	Citizenship		
私書箱	Post Office Address		
第九共同発明者		Full name of ninth joint inventor, if any	
第九共同発明者の署名	日付	Ninth inventor's signature	Date
住所	Residence		
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